XXVI^th YEAR.] THE [N^o. 1323.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1771.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *September* 3.

THE Ruſſian Squadron has intercepted, for the Third Time, all the Proviſions we expected from Cairo, Cyprus, and the Morea. We dread an approaching Famine, which, together with the Plague, that makes a terrible Havock here, and the Diſcontent of moſt of the Inhabitants of this Empire, expoſe us daily to the moſt imminent Danger.

The Chevalier de Tot, late Conſul of France in Tartary, having been made Engineer of the Porte, expects at the Dardanelles the Arrival of Five Hundred Artillery Men of his Nation.

The 18th of laſt Month a Courier arrived here from the grand Viſir's Army, with Diſpatches of the utmoſt Importance. The next Morning the grand Signior convoked the Divan, who, touched with the unhappy Fate of the Ottoman Army, the Flower of their Troops having fallen in the laſt Battle by the Sword of the Ruſſians, or being drowned in the Danube, adviſed the Sultan to make Peace; to which the Monarch anſwered, that ſince the Preſence of his grand Viſir, nor of his moſt experienced Baſhaws, could not inſpire his Troops with Courage to reſiſt the Enemy, he was reſolved to go and head his Army himſelf, both to retrieve the Honour of his Arms, and that he might not be under a Neceſſity of accepting diſhonourable Terms of Peace. The Divan unanimouſly repreſented to their Sovereign that although his Highneſs's Intention was a ſure Means of re-eſtabliſhing the Honour of the Ottoman Arms, his Preſence was abſolutely neceſſary here, eſpecially at a Time when the Enemy was making large Strides to ſurround us on every Side; and that the only, and ſureſt Means, of avoiding ſtill greater Evils, was to make Peace as ſoon as poſſible. The Sultan, after having ſeriouſly conſidered the Matter, declared at laſt his final Intentions, in the following Manner: "Before I follow your Counſel it is proper that you ſhould again think very ſeriouſly about it; in the mean Time I give you Liberty and Power to provide for the Welfare of the State, without, however, concluding any Thing without my Knowledge and Conſent."

HAMBURG, *Oct.* 6. Private Letters from Conſtantinople, dated the 3d of laſt Month, ſay that the Ruſſian Fleet that was at Anchor at Lemnos had quitted that Station, advanced to the Dardanelles, and threw ſeveral Bombs on the Caſtles; that at preſent it only blocks up the Paſſage to ſuch Ships as are bound to Conſtantinople; that it would be very difficult to take the Caſtles, and that to lay Siege to them in Form they muſt land an Army of Forty or Fifty Thouſand Men, provided with every Neceſſary, there being, beſides the Six Caſtles, freſh Batteries erected at every Diſtance between them. Since the Blockade of the Dardanelles no more Ships arrive from the White Sea; but the Caravans ſupply that Defect, and carry to Conſtantinople whatever they ſtand in Need of. Nevertheleſs, the Number of Troops that come out of the Ottoman Empire is prodigious. Some Hundreds of Deſerters arrive daily at Conſtantinople from the Danube, as alſo whole Families from Beſſarabia, Iſmailow, Kilia, and other Places. There is not, as yet, the leaſt Appearance of Peace; as the Grand Signior will hear nothing about it, and intends to puſh on the War with all poſſible Vigour.

WARSAW, *Oct.* 6. A Courier is this Moment arrived here from the Army of General Panin, with Advice that the Town of Bender ſurrendered to the Ruſſians on the 26th of laſt Month. The Ruſſians took more than Four Thouſand Priſoners, and upwards of a Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Cannon.

PARIS, *Oct.* 8. The Armaments making in the Ports of England begin to diſturb our Nation. Troops are filing off towards our Coaſts, and ſome Steps taking to ſecure Funds, of which we ſhall ſtand in Need, in Caſe a Rupture ſhould be unavoidable.

OSTEND, *Oct.* 12. The Captain of a Dutch Ship, arrived Yeſterday, reports that he met a Squadron of 13 Engliſh Ships of War ſteering for the Coaſt of Spain.

HAGUE, *Oct.* 17. By the laſt Letters from Conſtantinople we are informed, that the Divan has at length prevailed on the Sultan to take into Conſideration the imminent Danger of his Empire, and to turn his Thoughts to Peace.

LONDON,

Oct. 17. A certain diſtinguiſhed Nobleman is ſaid to be at the Court of Madrid *incognito*, gaining ſuch Intelligence as it is imagined will prove of infinite Advantage to the Court of Great-Britain in Caſe of a War with Spain.

Diſpatches are now preparing, with the utmoſt Expedition, at the Secretary's Office, for the Court of Berlin, ſaid to be on the Subject of the expected War with France and Spain.

They write from Penſacola that the Spaniſh Governor of New Orleans, by Directions of his Court, had lately diſtributed among the Chiefs of the Indians bordering on the Engliſh Settlements Preſents to the Value of Fifteen Thouſand Pounds.

A Noble Lord, it is ſaid, has given it as his Advice not to wait any longer for an Anſwer from the Court of Spain.

By an authentic Letter from Paris we are aſſured that neither the French King nor the Miniſter are for War.

It is now reported, at the Weſt-End of the Town, that M. de Choiſeul, the French Miniſter, does not approve of the hoſtile Proceedings of Spain at Falkland Iſland, but yet is for ſupporting the Honour of the Houſe of Bourbon at the Expence of the Honour of the Britiſh Crown; and propoſes that Spain ſhall relinquiſh that Iſland, if Great-Britain will give up her Title to it, and let it remain neutral.

One Article of Inſtruction ſaid to be determined to be offered to the Members for Weſtminſter, by their Conſtituents, on the approaching Meeting for that Purpoſe, is that they ſhall make it Part of their Parliamentary Conduct to demand of the Miniſter an accurate and explicit State of the Meaſures obſerved ſince the breaking out of the preſent Differences between our Court and that of Spain.

It is ſaid that the Firſt Commiſſioner of a certain Board has adviſed the Meaſure of having a Fleet before a Spaniſh Port near the Straits, if they make the leaſt Delay in returning an Anſwer to our Memorial of Requiſition, or if it prove not ſatisfactory.

It is confirmed to us, by freſh Intelligence, that the French Miniſtry are really aſſiduous in endeavouring to prevent a Rupture between Spain and Great-Britain.

Oct. 19. By a Ship juſt arrived from the Havannah we have Advice that the Spaniards have made the Fortifications of that Place almoſt impregnable; that they have raiſed ſeveral ſtrong Batteries, and mounted them with heavy Pieces of Cannon; that they have likewiſe built a new Chain of Forts at the Entrance of the Harbour, and mounted them with large Cannon, ſo that no Ship can paſs without great Danger.

We are informed that the Queen Man of War, of Ninety-four Guns, and ſome others, are built upon a Conſtruction entirely new, and in ſuch a Manner that in any Engagement not one Half of the Lives are likely to be loſt as in former Encounters.

We hear France has poſitively refuſed to depart from her Neutrality, let Affairs take what Turn they will between Great-Britain and Spain.

The Augmentation of the Army, as well as many other Meaſures which were in Agitation, are put off until the Meeting of an auguſt Aſſembly.

Letters from Eliſineur, dated September 18, ſay, there are actually at this Time in the Sound, and in the Road of Copenhagen, Four new Ruſſian Men of War, juſt arrived from Archangel. Their Deſtination is for the Archipelago, for which Place they will ſail as ſoon as they are victualled; and Letters from Revel aſſure us that more will arrive, deſtined likewiſe for the Levant.

Oct. 20. Laſt Night an Expreſs from Leiceſterſhire, arrived at his Grace the Duke of Rutland's, at Knightſbridge, and at Whitehall, with the melancholy Account of the Death, on Thurſday laſt, at Belvoir Caſtle, of the moſt noble the Marquis of Granby. His Character need not be repeated or blazoned here; it is too deeply engraved on the Hearts of all true Engliſhmen, every One of whom will ſincerely lament this great Loſs to our Country.

It is already ſaid General Conway is to be appointed Maſter General of the Ordnance, in the Room of the honeſt Marquis.

We are informed from good Authority, that Falkland Iſland will be neutralized.

We hear alſo, from good Authority, that the Fleet is intended to be kept up until next Year, to be in Readineſs in Caſe of any Rupture.

We hear that Yeſterday General Conway laid before his Majeſty a State of the Fortifications and Garriſons at the principal Seaports in England.

A Correſpondent from France informs us, that all through French Flanders, whoſe Towns uſed to ſwarm with Troops, there is ſcarce a Regiment, not even at Liſle, which uſed to entertain Eight or Ten. When the Officers are aſked about this Vacancy, they plead Ignorance; but diſcerning People know they are all marched to the Sea Side, both of the Mediterranean and Bay of Biſcay, to be ready for future Embarkations.

A private Letter from Paris ſays, that Orders have been ſent to Breſt to equip Twelve Men of War of the Line, with the utmoſt Expedition.

Letters by the Revenge, Captain Palmer, arrived on Thurſday in the Downs, from Malaga, in Thirty Days, ſay, that the Inhabitants of that Place are every Moment in Expectation of receiving an Account from Madrid of War being declared againſt England. They further ſay, that a Re-enforcement of well diſciplined Troops has been ſent there; that the Fortifications have been thoroughly repaired, and every Thing done to ſecure the Place from being taken by a ſudden Surpriſe; that the Governor aſſured the People that by the laſt Diſpatches received from Madrid Three Men of War and a Frigate were to be ſtationed there, to prevent any Inſults being offered to them.

It was reported, with much Confidence, and great Celerity, both laſt Night and this Morning, that Part of the Ruſſian Fleet had paſſed the Dardanelles.

If the above be true, there can be no Doubt but that an immediate Termination of the War between the Turks and Ruſſians will enſue.

It is ſaid that the Dutch Ambaſſador is particularly attentive to what is paſſing at this Time at our Court, and is conſtantly ſending away Diſpatches with Accounts of the moſt minute Occurrences, but with what particular View our ſageſt Politicians are at a Loſs to imagine.

It is ſaid that whether there be a War with Spain or not, in Conſequence of the preſent Diſpute, our Navy will remain with the preſent Augmentation, both of Men and Ships.

The Reſolution of the King of Pruſſia and the Emperor of Germany, at their laſt Interview, to take a Share in the Diſputes of Poland, is what all Europe expected; and by this ſeeming friendly Office they do jointly what they reſpectively had the greateſt Inclination for. It is the Opinion of good Judges that, from whatever Pretence they firſt ſet Foot in that Country, a different View actuates them from what is at preſent given out.

We hear that the Firſt Fleet that will ſail will be deſtined to the Weſt-Indian Region; there to act together, or be divided into Squadrons, as may be required.

We hear that Yeſterday Twelve more Men of War were put into Commiſſion, by the Lords of the Admiralty.

Oct. 22. Our Miniſtry are ſo peremptory in their Demand of the Evacuation of Falkland's Iſland, that the preſent Diſpute with Spain is determined not to be concluded, without this being complied with on their Part.

It is certain that the Court of Spain has been ſoliciting more Powers than One, to take Share in her preſent Diſpute with Great-Britain, through a miſtaken Notion, that, with a little Aſſiſtance, in Order to divide the Force of our Arms, ſhe ſhould be able to cope with us.

All Europe are attentive to the preſent Diſpute between our Court and that of Madrid, and wait with equal Impatience for a Knowledge of the ultimate Determination of the Spaniſh Miniſtry with Regard to it. Moſt of the Powers have offered their Intereſt to terminate it, as few wiſh to ſee a Rupture between thoſe Two Courts take Place. There are, indeed, One or Two who are not unwilling ſuch an Event ſhould happen, from a Knowledge of the great Advantages to be obtained by fiſhing in troubled Waters.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Spaniards are buſy in fortifying their Lines at St. Roche; and that Five Regiments of Infantry had juſt arrived to reinforce the Garriſon, who are employed Night and Day in throwing up ſome additional Works.

It is generally believed a War is now unavoidable, and that no Steps, either high or humiliating, can prevent it; but that this Event is not expected to take Place until the Spring, about the latter End of March, or Beginning of April next.

We hear that Orders are ſent to the Lords Lieutenants of the different Counties to iſſue Warrants to the Conſtables, &c. in their reſpective Diſtricts, to impreſs all able bodied Men who appear to have no viſible Way of living, to ſerve his Majeſty as Seamen.

The Engliſh Nobility and Gentry now on their Travels in Italy find it extremely difficult to return Home, and ſome have been obliged to wait many Weeks in Lombardy, before they could get proper Bills of Health and Paſſes to come through France.

The Fleet for the Leeward Iſlands will not ſail until the Return of Three Ships of Obſervation, which have been cruiſing in thoſe Parts, and are ſhortly expected Home.

A Plan has been laid before the Board of Ordnance for building Two Forts up the River Medway, ſome Miles above Sheerneſs, for the Protection of his Majeſty's Ships now in the ſaid River, which is under Conſideration of the ſaid Board.

Admiralty-Office, October 18. This Day, in Purſuance of his Majeſty's Pleaſure, the following Flag Officers were promoted, viz. Hon. John Forbes, Francis Holbourne, Eſq; Admirals of the White. Sir Thomas Frankland, Baronet, his Grace the Duke of Bolton, Sir Charles Hardy, Knight, Right Honourable George Earl of Northeſk, Right Honourable Sir Charles Saunders, Knight of the Bath, Admirals of the Blue. Thomas Pye, Eſq; Sir Samuel Corniſh, Baronet, Francis Geary, Eſq; Vice Admirals of the Red. Sir George Bridges Rodney, Baronet, Sir William Burnaby, Baronet, James Young, Eſquire, Vice Admirals of the White. Sir Piercy Brett, Knight, Sir John Moore, Knight of the Bath, Sir James Douglaſs, Knight, Sir John Bentley, Knight, Vice Admirals of the Blue. Right Hon. George Lord Edgcumbe, Samuel Graves, Eſq; William Parry, Eſquire, Hon. Auguſtus Keppel, Rear Admirals of the Red. John Amhurſt, Eſquire, his Royal Highneſs Henry Frederick Duke of Cumberland, Sir Peter Denis, Baronet, Matthew Buckle, Eſq; Rear Admirals of the White. Robert Man, Eſq Richard Spry, Eſq; Robert Harland, Eſq; Right Honourable Richard Lord Viſcount Howe, Rear Admirals of the Blue.

Extract of a Letter from Weymouth, dated Sept. 30.

"I cannot omit ſending you the following Account I procured of a moſt ſurpriſing Genius in a young Girl of Six Years old, who has been taught, by the Aſſiduity of a very ingenious Man, one Mr. Doule, a Schoolmaſter at Weymouth, who is the Child's Grandfather, to converſe on the following Subjects. Her Hiſtory is this:

"Charlotte Catharine Babb, of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, in the County of Dorſet, when ſhe was Three Years and Three Quarters old, could read a Lecture on the Map of Europe up and down, as well as foreright; deſcribe the Situation of more than 150 Places, and ſpell the Names of the ſame without Map or Prompter: She was Six Years old the 23d of March, 1770, at which Time ſhe could deſcribe the Situation of more than 300 Places on the Map of Europe and America, ſhew the North Star, the great and little Bear; tell the Six primary Planets, their Characters, and the Etymology of them; alſo give Directions how Mariners may ſail, from the Black to the White Sea, and what Iſlands, Capes, Ports, &c. that they may put in at in Caſe of bad Weather or Want of Proviſions; ſhe tells the Five Olympic Games, and by whom they were firſt inſtituted; the Seven liberal Sciences; the Seven natural Senſes; the Nine holy Orders of the Angels; the Four Evangeliſts, and their Titles; the Names of the Twelve Apoſtles; the Nine Worthies of the World; the Titles of the Nine Electors who chuſe an Emperor of Germany; the Number of Shires in England, Scotland, and Wales, Market Towns, Parliament Men, Pariſhes, Cities, Biſhopricks, Rivers, Bridges, Foreſts, Parks, Chaces, Caſtles, and Univerſities, the Number and the Names of the Empires, Kingdoms, Regions, or States, that Europe contains; the Twelve Signs of the Zodiac, with the Etymology of them; the Seven Wonders of the World; who Gog Magog was, and his Stature; ſhe can read any Hiſtory Book or News-Paper, either in Roman, Italian, or old Engliſh Print; all Sorts of Hand-writing, the Law Hands not excepted; ſhe writes a ſtrong round Hand, and Italian extremely fine, very few Women that can perform better; and ſpell moſt Words from Two to Fifteen Syllables; laſtly, add up a Bill of Caſh to the Amount of ſome Hundred Pounds. She is allowed to be capable to teach any one to ſpell, read, or write round Hand, or Italian, and Geography, as well as moſt that have taught the ſame. In general ſhe is called the moſt ſurpriſing Child, One of Ten Thouſand of her Age, and by ſome the Eighth Wonder of the World."

BRIDGE-TOWN, (BARBADOS) *Nov.* 3.

Sunday Morning laſt, about Half paſt Three, came on a violent Storm of Thunder and Lightning, during the Continuance of which St. Anne's Caſtle miraculouſly eſcaped Deſtruction. On the North-Eaſt, Eaſt, and Southward Angles, it ſhattered the Roof in a moſt terrible Manner; it then entered the Windows of the next Floor, ſinged and ſplintered the Window Caſes, ran thro' the different Rooms, broke thro' the S. Window, which it greatly damaged, took the Corner of the Shed over the Well-Room, forced a Hole through the Arch Wall at the Top, ſplit the Door thereof to Pieces, and ſunk into the Earth by the Foundation Wall. On the North Side, it drove a Stone out of the Wall near the Magazine Door, entered juſt below the Lock, ſtruck the Plaſtering of the Door Caſes of the inward and outward Doors, and much ſinged them, but luckily miſſed the Powder, of which there is a great Quantity in the Magazine. William Moore, Eſq; his Majeſty's Sollicitor-General, who was there for the Benefit of the Air, and Capt. John Duke happily eſcaped unhurt, though both were in imminent Danger, the Rooms in which they lodged being in one continued Blaze of Lightning for a conſiderable Time; and had not a heavy Rain immediately ſucceeded the Stroke, it is imagined the Caſtle would have been on Fire, one of the Window Caſes continuing to ſmoke near a Minute after. In Conſequence of this Accident, a Board of the Commiſſioners of Fortifications met on Wedneſday, and we are informed gave Orders for erecting an electric Spire thereon.

From GUTHRIE's New Geographical, Hiſtorical and Commercial Grammar.

FALKLAND's Iſland. Leaving the Bahama and Weſt-India Iſlands, we ſhall now proceed along the South-Eaſt Coaſt of America, as far as the 52d Degree of South Lat. where the Reader, by looking into the Map, will perceive the Falkland Iſlands, ſituated near the Streights of Magellan, at the Extremity of South-America. It has been generally believed, that the richeſt Gold Mines in Chili are carefully concealed by the Indians, as well knowing that the Diſcovery of them would only excite in the Spaniards a greater Thirſt for Conqueſt and Tyranny, and would render their own Independence more precarious. King Charles II. of England, conſidered the Diſcovery of this Coaſt of ſuch Conſequence, that Sir John Narborough was purpoſely fitted out to ſurvey the Streights of Magellan, the neighbouring Coaſt of Patagonia, and the Spaniſh Ports in that Frontier; with Directions, if poſſible, to procure ſome Intercourſe with the Chilian Indians, who are generally at War, or at leaſt on ill Terms with the Spaniards; and to eſtabliſh a Commerce and laſting Correſpondence with them. Through Sir John, though accidental Cauſes, failed in this Attempt, which, in Appearance, promiſed ſo many Advantages to this Nation, his Tranſactions upon that Coaſt, beſides the many valuable Improvements he furniſhed to Geography and Navigation, are rather an Encouragement for future Trials of this Kind, than any Objection againſt them. It appeared by the Precautions and Fears of the Spaniards, that they were fully convinced of the Practicability of the Scheme he was ſent to execute, and extremely alarmed with the Apprehenſion of its Conſequences. It is ſaid that his Majeſty King Charles II. was ſo far prepoſſeſſed with the Belief of the Emoluments which might redound to the Public from this Expedition, and was ſo eager to be informed of the Event of it, that, having Intelligence of Sir John Narborough's paſſing through the Downs, on his Return, he had not Patience to attend his Arrival at Court, but went himſelf in his Barge to Graveſend to meet him.

"As therefore it appears, ſays the Author of Anſon's Voyage, that all our future Expeditions to the South Seas muſt run a conſiderable Riſk of proving abortive, whilſt in our Paſſage thither we are under the Neceſſity of touching at the Portugueſe Settlement of Brazil (for they may certainly depend on having their Strength, Condition, and Deſigns betrayed to the Spaniards) the Diſcovery of ſome Place more to the Southward, where Ships might refreſh, and ſupply themſelves with the neceſſary Sea Stock for their Voyage round Cape Horn, would be an Expedient that would relieve us from theſe Embarraſſments, and would ſurely be a Matter worthy the Attention of the Public. Nor does this ſeem difficult to be effected; for we have already the imperfect Knowledge of Two Places, which might, perhaps, on Examination, prove extremely convenient for this Purpoſe; One of them is Pepy's Iſland, in the Latitude of 47, South, and laid down by Dr. Halley about 80 Leagues to the Eaſtward of Cape Blanco, on the Coaſt of Patagonia; the other is Falkland's Iſles, in the Latitude of 51 and a Half, lying nearly South of Pepy's Iſland. The laſt of theſe have been ſeen by many Ships, both French and Engliſh. Woodes Rogers, who run along the North Eaſt Coaſt of theſe Iſles in the Year 1708, tells us that they extended about Two Degrees in Length, and appeared with gentle Deſcents from Hill to Hill, and ſeemed to be good Ground, interſperſed with Woods, and not deſtitute of Harbours. Either of theſe Places, as they are Iſlands at a conſiderable Diſtance from the Continent, may be ſuppoſed, from their Latitude, to lie in a Climate ſufficiently temperate. This, even in Time of Peace, might be of great Conſequence to this Nation; and in Time of War, would make us Maſters of thoſe Seas.

It would appear, from the ſecret Expeditions lately made to the South Seas, that, beſides this new Settlement on Falkland's Iſlands, ſince that Gentleman wrote, the Government have another in view, round Cape-Horn, which indeed is equally neceſſary for a Place of general Rendezvous, to refit and refreſh after effecting that dreadful Navigation; and where, when accompliſhed, our Ships, in Time of War, approach a hoſtile Coaſt, the only good Ports in theſe Seas being poſſeſſed by the Spaniards.

By our having the Poſſeſſion of one good Harbour here, and keeping the Royal Navy on a reſpectable Footing, we ſhall have nothing to fear from all the united Force of France, Spain, and Portugal. Whoever turns his Eye to the Map of America, and obſerves the Number of our Settlements, and their Situation in reſpect to the Poſſeſſion of thoſe Powers in this Quarter, will ſee the Impoſſibility of their Trade eſcaping the Vigilance of our Cruizers, pouring out from every Corner of this immenſe Country. Add to this, that having hitherto attempted their Colonies with Succeſs, what may we not expect in a future War, from ſuch additional Strength, ſo many convenient Harbours to refit, or to ſupply our Fleets and Armies?

WILLIAMSBURG, *January* 4.

Laſt Night we were favoured with a Liverpool Paper of November 2d, in which there is a Confirmation of the great Victory obtained by the Ruſſians, on the firſt of Auguſt, over the Turkiſh Army commanded by the Grand Vizir; who loſt, on the Occaſion, about Sixty Thouſand Men, in killed, Priſoners, drowned, and ſtrayed. The Janizaries were ſo irritated at the Slaughter of their Comrades, that they threatned to march immediately to Conſtantinople to dethrone the Grand Signior, and ſet up his Brother Bajazet. This unforeſeen Declaration ſo alarmed the Grand Vizir that he was obliged to ſolicit the Rouznamedgi Effendi (who, having the Direction of the Military Cheſt, had great Credit with the Janizaries) to make Uſe of all poſſible Means to diſſuade them from their Purpoſe. This Officer calmed their Fury a little, but they unanimouſly demanded that he ſhould be diſpatched to Conſtantinople, to repreſent to the Divan the Motives of their Diſcontent, and bring back to them a deciſive Anſwer, conformable to their Will, in Default of which they would not fail to put their Deſign in Execution. The Tenor of their Demands was that an End ſhould be immediately put to the War, which they looked upon to be an unjuſt One, and therefore contrary to the Will of God; and thoſe who wiſely oppoſed the War at firſt, and had been exiled for ſo doing, be recalled, and reinſtated in their Employments; that the Ruſſian Reſident be taken out of Priſon, and conducted to his Houſe at Conſtantinople with all the Honours due to his Character; and that, for the future, the Ruſſians be looked upon as the beſt Friends of the Porte. The Rouznamedgi could not avoid taking this Commiſſion upon himſelf; and in the mean while the Viſir, in order to pacify them, promiſed to all, in the Grand Signior's Name, a Penſion for Life, with a Privilege of not being ſent any more to the Wars. Upon the Arrival of the Rouznamedgi at Conſtantinople a grand Divan was aſſembled, at which about Fifteen Hundred of the principal Members of the State aſſembled; who, being unanimous for Peace, and the Grand Signior, ſeeing the Neceſſity of conforming to their Intentions, promiſed to condeſcend thereto, on Condition that they would not hereafter reproach him with having concluded a Peace ſhameful to the Empire, and demanded of them an Indemnification in Writing, which was immediately granted, and the Divan hath undertaken the Charge of negotiating a Peace, under the Mediation of the Houſe of Auſtria and the King of Great-Britain.——We have likewiſe ſelected the following Paragraphs.

Oct. 30. By a private Letter from Conſtantinople, it is affirmed that the Court of London has, by their Ambaſſador, proffered every good Office, except that of being Mediator, for terminating the War between Ruſſia and the Porte.

We hear that George Pitt, Eſq; is ſoon to ſet out upon his Embaſſy to the Court of Madrid, in order to reconcile the Diſagreements between that Power and Great-Britain.

The high Lands in Falkland's Iſland, from their Vicinity to the rich Mountains of Chili, are thought to contain ſome of that precious Metal with which all the World is enamoured, which is ſuppoſed to be the Reaſon why the Spaniards are ſo unwilling to ſuffer any other Power to ſettle there.

It is now ſaid that Sir Charles Knowles will not ſet out for the Czarina's Dominions until it is poſitively known whether a War will take Place between Spain and England.

The Ocean Man of War, of Ninety Guns, is ordered to be fitted for the Reception of an Admiral.

The Trident Man of War is commiſſioned, and the Command given to Captain Hartwell.

The Molly Sloop, Captain Barret, is ſailed from Penzance for Plymouth, with Eighty Volunteers, who entered in the Port of Penzance to ſerve his Majeſty with the greateſt Cheerfulneſs.

The Cambridge, of Eighty Guns, and the Terrible and Royal Oak of Seventy Guns each, are all ordered to be sheathed, and fitted for Sea.

A great Perſon is ſaid to have a Plan of his own in Agitation for the more equitable Diſtribution of Prize Money in the Royal Navy.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of his Majeſty's Province of Maſſachuſetts Bay, in New-England; Andrew Oliver, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Governor; and Thomas Flucker, Eſq; to be Secretary of the ſaid Province.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint William Stewart, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Governor of his Majeſty's Iſland of Dominica; and William Young, Eſq; to be Lieutenant Governor of his Majeſty's Iſland of Tobago.

On Friday Night, between 11 and 12 o'Clock, their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, and the Duke of Glouceſter, landed at Dover from Germany; and after taking ſome Refreſhment they ſet out for London, and arrived at Charlton Houſe on Saturday Morning, about 10 o'Clock, in perfect Health.

Yeſterday her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, accompanied by their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland, went to Richmond and dined with their Majeſties.

It is ſaid that a Perſon of Diſtinction in the Civil Law, who arrived from Paris on Friday Night, aſſures his Friends that the Court of France would not liſten to any hoſtile Meaſures againſt England, though ſuch Meaſures were ſtrongly preſſed by the Spaniſh Miniſter at the French Court. This had ſo good an Effect that the Spaniards are now diſpoſed to make Reparation for the Damages we have ſuſtained.

PHILADELPHIA, *January* 7.

We hear that Andrew Allen and Edward Shippen, Jun. Eſquires, were lately appointed Members of the Proprietary and Governor's Council, in this Province.

They write from England, that they are at this Time much richer, and better able by far to enter into a War, than at the Commencement of the laſt War——that the Court of Spain is ſo deeply in Debt to the monied Men who aſſiſted that Court during the laſt War, that the Miniſtry will find great Difficulty to raiſe Money——that 20 Ships of the Line, beſides Frigates, &c. were rendezvous at Spithead, about the laſt of October——and that if Spain does not ſpeedily do Juſtice to the Britiſh Nation, this Fleet, under a brave Commander, will be ſent abroad to make Repriſals, and maintain the Honour of Great-Britain.

ANNAPOLIS, JANUARY 17.

We hear that his EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR, with the Advice of his LORDSHIP'S COUNCIL, was this Day pleaſed to iſſue a Proclamation, proroguing the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, to Tueſday the Firſt Day of *October* next.

The following Gentlemen are choſen to ſerve in the next General Aſſembly for this Province, *viz.*

For the City of *Annapolis*, Meſſieurs JOHN HALL and WILLIAM PACA. And,

For *Anne-Arundel* County, Meſſieurs BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON, THOMAS JOHNSON, Junr. SAMUEL CHASE, and JOHN HAMMOND, without Oppoſition.

We have not as yet heard of the Choice in any other of the Counties through the Province; only, 'tis ſaid with Certainty, that Meſſrs. JOSIAS BEALL and ROBERT TYLER, will be returned as Two of the Repreſentatives for *Prince-George's* County, tho' the Polls were not cloſed when the laſt Advices came from *Marlborough*.

Laſt Week at an Eſpecial Court held here for the Trial of ſundry Criminals, Three Perſons received Sentence of Death, *viz. Morris M'Coy*, for the Murder of his Maſter near *Patapſco* Ferry, *John Tealby* and Negro *Daniel* for Burglary. One was burnt in the Hand, Two ordered to be Whipt and ſtand in the Pillory, and Three acquitted.

Annapolis, January 15, 1771.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLICK VENDUE,

on Wedneſday the 22d *Inſtant,*

THE Houſes and Shop belonging to JOHN DENNIS, Blackſmith, near the Town Gate. Likewiſe Two Servant Men, one a Blackſmith, the other a Collier. Likewiſe Two Sets of Blackſmiths Tools, about Two Hundred Buſhels of Coal, ſundry Houſhold Furniture, *&c. &c.* Likewiſe a Quantity of Iron and Steel.

JOHN DENNIS.

N. B. The above to be ſold for ready Money only, or good Bills of Exchange.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave this Province in a ſhort Time, all Perſons who have juſt Claims againſt him are deſired to bring them in, and thoſe indebted are requeſted to make immediate Payment. WILLIAM NEVIN.

December 10, 1770.

To be ſold by publick Vendue, on Wedneſday the Second Day of March *Court next, (if not ſold before by private Sale) at the Houſe of* Arthur Charlton, in *Frederick-Town*,

PART of a Tract of Land ſituate in *Frederick* County, and adjacent to *Chaplin's Town*, called Addition to *Piles's Delight*, containing One Thouſand Acres. It will be ſet up either together or in Lots, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. For Title and Terms of Sale apply to the Subſcriber, or to Mr. JOSHUA GRIFFITH, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing.

(ts) FREDERICK SPRIGG.

N. B. Mr. JOSEPH CHAPLIN will ſhew the Land if called on.

Annapolis, January 15, 1771.

W A N T E D,

THREE Thouſand Buſhels of *Indian* Corn, at a convenient Landing or Landings, or in ſmaller Quantities, delivered at *Annapolis*; ready Money paid by WILLIAM ROBERTS.

N. B. Any Perſon writing ſhall have a direct Anſwer. (zw)

COMMITTED to *Cæcil* County Jail, as a Runaway, a Man who calls himſelf WILLIAM JOHNSON, about Five Feet Six Inches high, black curled Hair, an *Engliſhman* born, ſays he ſerved ſome Part of his Time with Mr. SAMUEL YOUNG, of *Baltimore* County, and the reſt with JAMES LYNCH, and LEVIN ROBERTS.

His Maſter (if any) is deſired to pay Charges, and take him away.

(tf) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Daniel M'Coy* living near the Mill, lately belonged to *John Stull*, in *Conococheague* Hundred, a black Horſe, aged about Eleven Years, or upwards, a natural Pacer, branded on the near Shoulder ſomething like a Figure of Three, and on the near Thigh thus 8;

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

Juſt publiſhed, and is now ready to be delivered to the Subſcribers, and to all who now chuſe to become Subſcribers for the other Two Volumes, the Firſt Volume, (ſewed in blue Boards, Price One Dollar) *of the following celebrated Work—praiſed—quoted—and recommended in the* Britiſh *Houſe of Lords, by the moſt illuminated and illuminating of all modern Patriots,* WILLIAM PITT, *now Earl of* Chatham,

THE HISTORY of the REIGN of CHARLES the Fifth, Emperor of *Germany*; and of all the Kingdoms and States in *Europe*, during his Age. To which is prefixed, A View of the Progreſs of Society in *Europe*, from the Subverſion of the *Roman* Empire to the Beginning of the Sixteenth Century. Confirmed by hiſtorical Proofs and Illuſtrations.

In THREE VOLUMES.

By WILLIAM ROBERTSON, D. D Principal of the Univerſity of *Edinburgh*, and Hiſtoriographer to his Majeſty for *Scotland*: Author of the late elegant Hiſtory of *Scotland*.

AMERICA: Printed for the SUBSCRIBERS, a Catalogue of whoſe Names, as Encouragers of this *American* Edition, will be printed in the Third Volume of this Work.

The Second and Third Volumes of this celebrated Work will be delivered as expeditiouſly as poſſible to the Subſcribers, at the Stores of Mr. *Williams* in *Annapolis*, and at Mr. *James M'Beth's* in *Baltimore* Town.

N. B. Mr. *William Dick*, well recommended from *Philadelphia*, has now opened a Grammar School in *Gay-Street*, *Baltimore* Town, where thoſe Gentlemens Children, whoſe Tuition he may be favoured with, ſhall be carefully and accurately inſtructed, both in the *Engliſh* and *Latin* Claſſics, Arithmetick, &c.

Elk-Ridge, December 31, 1770.

To be SOLD, at publick Vendue, on Tueſday the 20*th Day of* January *next, at the late Dwelling Houſe of* Henry Dorſey, *deceaſed*,

SEVERAL choice Country born Negroes, conſiſting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls. The Sale to begin at 11 o'Clock.

All Perſons having any Claims againſt the Eſtate of *Henry Dorſey*, are deſired to bring their Accounts in legally proved; and thoſe that are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to pay the ſame to

ELIZABETH DORSEY, Executrix.

N B. The Executrix requeſts all Perſons that have any juſt Claims againſt the ſaid *Dorſey's* Eſtate, to make them known to her, whether by Bond or Note, or otherwiſe, on or before the Day of Sale, as ſhe may know in what Manner to act. *E. D.*

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *William Worthington*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, deceaſed, either by Bond or Note of Hand, are deſired to pay the Intereſt thereon, and renew the ſame with

(3w) JOHN DAVIS, Executor.

January 3, 1771.

THE Copartnerſhip of *James Chriſtie*, junr. and *John Boyd* of *Joppa*, *Baltimore* County, having expired and been diſſolved on the Firſt Inſtant, and the Subſcriber and his Agents being ſolely and fully empowered to ſettle and finiſh the Buſineſs of that Concern. It is requeſted of thoſe who have Claims againſt it, to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and paid, and thoſe who are indebted to that Copartnerſhip are deſired ſpeedily to pay off their reſpective Balances, or at leaſt to give Bond, with Security, if deſired, for them, either to Mr. *Thomas Miller* at *Joppa*, or at *Baltimore-Town*, to

(w6) JAMES CHRISTIE, junr.

Annapolis, December 8, 1770.

THE Subſcriber hereby gives Notice, that he has taken out Licence to keep Tavern, in the Houſe lately occupied by Mrs. *M'Mordie*, in *Church-Street*, near the Dock; in Conſequence of which, he has laid in a Stock of the beſt of Liquors, Hay, and Oats, and will be obliged to all Gentlemen Strangers, and others, for their Cuſtom, as they may depend on his utmoſt Endeavours to oblige.

N. B. He likewiſe retails Rum, Sugar, and Molaſſes.

(4w) ISAAC M'HARD.

Long's Wharf, near *Baltimore-Town*.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber has purchaſed of a certain *Joſeph Jeffers*, a Schooner named *Peggy*; any Perſon or Perſons claiming Property in the ſaid Schooner, may have her again, on proving Property, paying the Purchaſe Money and other Charges. (w3) WILLIAM HOYLE.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

December 29, 1770.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber's Stable, living in *Little-Britain* Townſhip, *Lancaſter* County, *Pennſylvania*, on the 12th Inſtant, in the Night, a dark bay Gelding, about Fifteen Hands high, has a ſmall Star in his Forehead, paces well, is a complete well made Horſe, and was Four Years old laſt Spring.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Horſe, ſo that the Owner may have him again, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, provided he be brought to Juſtice.

(w6) WILLIAM GILCHRIST.

Baltimore, January 7, 1771.

THERE is now in my Cuſtody, committed as Runaways to the late Sheriff of this County, who has by Indenture aſſigned them over to me.

JOHN WILLIAMS, about 56 Years of Age, with a ſandy Beard and Hair, ſays he belongs to Mr. *William Tucker*, of *St. Mary's*.

WILLIAM LANGLEY, of a pale Complexion, light brown Hair, about 5 Feet 7, but will not tell to whom he belongs.

NEGRO MOSES, a luſty well made Fellow, about 26 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, and ſays he belongs to *Thomas Ogle*, of *New-Caſtle* County.

NEGRO JOAS, a well made Fellow, about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 3 Inches, high, ſays he belongs to *Jeremiah Adderton*, of *Port-Tobacco*.

NEGRO HARRY, a well made Fellow, with very thick Lips, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, ſays he belongs to *Dier Hanning*, of *St. Mary's* County.

NEGRO JEM, a young Lad, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, ſaid to belong to Mr. *John James Mackall*, of *Calvert* County.

Their Maſters are deſired to fetch them away, paying their Fees and Reward due, to

JOHN ROBERT HOLLIDAY, Sheriff of *Baltimore* County.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Richardſon*, living in *Prince George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a pied Heifer, marked with a Crop and Square in the left Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THERE is at the Plantation of *Abraham Britton*, living in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall bay Horſe, Four Years old, about Twelve Hands high, has neither Brand or Ear Mark.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THERE is at the Plantation of *Abraham Clark*, living in *Prince-George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall bay Mare, about 12 or 13 Hands high, appears to be about 3 or 4 Years old, has a ſhort ſwitch Tail, buſh Mane and Foretop, and is branded on the near Thigh thus, A F. The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

LAW BOOKS

FOR Sale at *Baltimore*, by *Thomas Browne*, of whom Catalogues may be had at Mr. *Thomas Williams* and Company's Store in *Annapolis*.

Gentlemen inclined to purchaſe any of ſaid Books, by ſending the *Britiſh* Value, agreeable to *Mundell's* Catalogue (if not before ſold) may depend on their being delivered, or forwarded to Order.

N. B. Reaſonable Abatement will be made on any Book that appears much defaced. (w6)

December 5, 1770.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN laſt Night from *Mount-Royal* Forge, near *Baltimore-Town*, a dark bay Gelding, of the *Engliſh* running-breed, is a round made Horſe, and ſhews but little of the Blood, about 7 Years old, 14 Hands and an Half high, branded on the near Shoulder I. F. with the mark of a Heart on the Top: He has ſome gray Hairs in his Forehead, a hanging Mane and ſwitch Tail, ſhod all round, gallops, trots, and paces, has ſome white on the inſide of One of his hind Feet.

Whoever brings ſaid Horſe to the Subſcriber, and ſecures the Thief, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have the above Reward, or Eight Dollars for the Horſe.

(w8) JAMES FRANKLIN.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed the Horſe was ſtole by *Thomas Grant*, an *Engliſhman*, about 28 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, freſh Colour, wears brown Hair tied behind: Had on, an old Bearſkin ſurtout Coat, *German* Serge Jacket and Breeches, of a reddiſh Colour, Felt Hat, Country Shoes, and yellow Buckles. He ſerved his Time at the *Baltimore* Iron-Works on *Patapſco*, in *Maryland*, and had a Diſcharge from *Clement Brooke* in *July* laſt.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

December 29, 1770.

RAN away laſt Night from the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, an *Engliſh* Convict Servant Man, named JACOB SILCOCKE, by Trade a Collar and Harneſs-maker, he is about 20 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, remarkable broad Shoulders, and ſtrong limbed, with ſhort dark curled Hair, mixed at the Sides with gray Hairs, with a broad Forehead, and full Face, dark brown Eyes, a thick broad Noſe, and walks pretty upright, but when he ſtoops has a Stiffneſs in the ſmall of his Back; he is very talkative when in Company, and can talk a little broken Dutch, plays pretty well on the Violin, and writes a good Hand: Had on, when he went away, a light gray double breaſted Jacket, with Metal Buttons, bound round the Edges, likewiſe a Pair of good Buckſkin Breeches, much ſoiled, a fine Shirt, with ſundry other Cloaths unknown, and may probably change his Dreſs.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter, ſhall receive, if taken in the Province, Three Pounds, and if out of the Province, the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JACOB MYERS.

N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels, or others, are forbid to carry him off at their Peril.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

September 3, 1770.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Garriſon-Forreſt*, in *Baltimore* County, Two *Engliſh* Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

THOMAS PRICE, a Tailor by Trade, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, a talkative Fellow, of a yellow Complexion, ſhort black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a blue Cloth Coat, black Cloth Jacket, One Calico ditto, a Check Shirt, One white ditto, Three Pair of Oſnabrig Trouſers, a new Felt Hat, old Shoes, and One large Pair of Tailors Sheers, and has a large Scar on his right Leg.

JAMES BOARDMAN, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, a well ſet Fellow, ſhort brown Hair, has One Leg ſhorter than the other, which makes him walk lame: Had on, an old brown Cloth Coat with white Metal Buttons, old Leather Breeches, Oſnabrig Shirt, light coloured Yarn Sockings, Half Boots and Felt Hat.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and ſecures them in any Jail, ſo as their Maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above Reward, including what the Law allows, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by

BENJAMIN WELLS, & LARKIN RANDALL.

December 8, 1770.

THE Two Houſes of Aſſembly, in their laſt Seſſion, having agreed, as Part of an Inſpection Bill, that the Clergy's Dues ſhould be paid in *inſpected* Tobacco, at 30 *per* Poll, or on 32lb of Tobacco at Twelve Shillings and Six-pence common Money *per* Cent. which would be Four Shillings common Money on each *Taxable*; but from an unhappy Difference in Sentiment between thoſe Branches of the Legiſlature, on *other Points*, that Bill failed, whereby the Clergy are *legally* entitled to 40lb of Tobacco *per* Poll, payable in *Tobacco only without any Deduction*; I am ſo far from being deſirous of availing myſelf of this Circumſtance to the Diſtreſs or even Inconvenience of my Pariſhioners, many of whom make no Tobacco, that I hereby direct the Sheriff to receive Four Shillings common Money from each Taxable within this Pariſh, in Lieu of, and as a Compenſation for the 40lb of Tobacco, due from ſuch Taxable, who ſhall offer to make ſuch Payment, on or before the 10*th Day of June*.—I propoſe this Compoſition to take Place in all future Payments, only, and only until a general Proviſion for the Clergy of this Province ſhall be made by a future Law.

THOMAS CHASE, Rector of *St. Paul's* (3w) Pariſh, *Baltimore* County.

Annapolis, January 2, 1771.

THE Subscriber intending to *London* in *March* next, earnestly requests those who are indebted to him, to call and discharge their Balances by the first Day of *March* next; those whose Accounts are of but short Standing, will be pleased to settle, as I much wish and intend to settle every Account before I go.

I have still left on Hand about £. 300 First Cost of Goods, which I will sell at a very low Advance for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or on short Credit. (tf.) JOSHUA JOHNSON.

WANTED,

A CLERK in the PREROGATIVE-OFFICE. Apply to

(tf) ELIE VALLETTE, Register.

EIGHT POUNDS REWARD.

Anne-Arundel County, *January* 4, 1771.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Elk-Ridge*, a Servant Man named PETER KELLY, he is young, much pitted with the Small-Pox, about Five Feet high: He took with him a Parcel of good Cloaths, among which there is a blue Coat, a spotted Swanskin Jacket, *German* Serge ditto, a Pair of *German* Serge Breeches, Two white Shirts, and several Pair of Stockings, he has likewise with him a Discharge signed by *Richard Green*. He went away with an *Irishman* named *Thomas Hall*, a Weaver by Trade, who has a Pass with him signed by the Subscriber.

Whoever secures the said *Peter Kelly*, so that the Subscriber gets him again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges paid if he is brought home.

(w3) HENRY HOWARD.

THERE is at the House of Mr. *John Ball* in *Annapolis*, taken up as a Stray, a white Horse, about 14¼ Hands high, with hanging Mane and switch Tail, no perceivable Brand, and without Shoes. The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

St. Mary's County, *Dec.* 5, 1770.

On the 20th Day of February *next ensuing, will be* SOLD, *at Publick Vendue, on the Premises,*

ALL the Real Estate of *Richard Heard*, late of the said County, deceased, agreeable to an Act of Assembly, in that Case provided, for the Payment of the Debts of the said *Richard Heard*; that is to say, One Tract called *Thompson's Purchase*, formerly called *Mary Taylor's* Plantation, lying in the said County, containing 180 Acres; one other Tract or Parcel of Land in the same County, being Part of the Cross Manor, containing 100 Acres. Also One other Tract or Parcel of Land, called Cross-Manor, lying in the County aforesaid, containing Three Acres. Also Part of a Tract of Land, now called *Heard's* Lot, formerly called the *Cross*, lying in the said County, containing one Acre; a Copy of the Act of Assembly for the Sale of the above Lands, properly authenticated, will be shown by the Subscriber at the Time of Sale, (or before) if required, for the Information and Satisfaction of any Person inclinable to purchase.

(w10) JOHN HEARD.

The DROPSY undertaken (no Cure no Pay)

BY the Subscriber, living in the Town of *Vienna*, on *Nanticoke* River, in *Dorchester* County; he having had great Success in a Method of Cure, without Tapping, for Twelve Years last past, hereby gives Notice, that he will undertake all dropsical Patients, whose Disorders are not mortally complicated with a Consumption of the Lungs or Stone in the Kidnies or Bladder, *&c.* provided they will board convenient to him, furnish themselves with such Necessaries as he shall direct for their Regimen, giving him a reasonable Time for Administration; and that in such Case, if he does not relieve them he will not expect any Satisfaction for his Medicines and Attendance: He also thinks proper to inform those afflicted with this Disorder, that he looks upon those dropsical Indispositions which proceed from the Ague, slow Fevers, or Loss of Blood, as most certainly curable, by following proper Prescriptions. All those who have Thoughts of Trial under his Care need not doubt Board and good Nursing in this Town, they bringing suitable Bedding with them.

(w6) WILLIAM WHELAND.

November 17, 1770.

THE Subscriber has set up Store at *Elk-Ridge Landing*, where he sells the following Articles Wholesale and Retail, *viz. West-India* Rum, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Molasses, Chocolate, Tea, Rice, Candles, hard Soap, Snuff, coarse and fine Salt. As he has an Opportunity of being supplied with the above Articles at the best Hand, those who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being served on the most reasonable Terms for Cash, Wheat, Corn, or Flax-Seed.

(w6) WALTER DENT.

To be sold by private or publick Sale,

ALL that Piece or Part of Two Lots of Ground, lately the Property of *Thomas Clendenning*, lying and being in that Part of *Baltimore-Town*, formerly called *Jones's* Town, now in the Tenure and Occupation of Mr. *Thomas Sligh*. The Title is indisputable, which may be known, with the Terms, by applying to the said *Thomas Sligh*, on the Premises, or to

(tf) BASIL BURGESS.

Baltimore-Town, October 30, 1770.

A Few Pipes of choice good old *Madeira* Wine, to be sold very cheap for Cash.

(7w) JONATHAN PLOWMAN.

October 17, 1770.

To be LET *on reasonable Terms, and entered on immediately,*

THE Tenement in *Upper-Marlborough*, lately in the Possession of *William Urquhart*. The Conveniences of the House, Garden, Pasture-Ground, *&c. &c.* together with Mr. *Benjamin Brookes* leaving off keeping Publick-House, make it reasonable to expect any Person well qualified for that Business, would meet with good Encouragement. There is about £. 70 of Furniture in the House, consisting of Beds, Chairs, Tables, *&c.* which will be sold on reasonable Terms. For further Particulars apply to

DANIEL CARROLL

August 1, 1770.

THE Subscriber takes this Method of acquainting his Friends and the Publick, that he has now for Sale, at Mr. *James Harris's* Store, the Third House above the Market-House in *Baltimore-Town*, all Sorts of manufactured Tobacco of the best Quality, both for Chew and Smoak; Country made Snuff of many Kinds, equal to any manufactured on this Continent, *viz.* Plain Scotch, high Toast, Rappee and Spanish.

As he purposes to keep a constant Supply of those Articles, both at *Bladensburg* (where the Manufactory is still carried on) and at *Baltimore*, he requests all those who will favour him with their Custom, either in the wholesale or retail Way, that they will direct their Orders to Mr. *James Harris*, Merchant in *Baltimore*, and those who are most convenient to *Bladensburg*, to apply to the Manufacturer himself.

He will sell by private Contract, Two well improved Lots in *George-Town, Frederick* County.

(tf) RICHARD THOMPSON.

N. B. Five Shillings *per* Dozen ready Money, for Snuff-Bottles, both at *Bladensburg* and *Baltimore*.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Anne-Arundel* County, in the Province of *Maryland*, about the 13th of *August* last, a convicted Servant Man, named JOHN SHIELDS, *alias* JOHN WILSON, a *Scotchman*, about Thirty Years of Age, Five Feet Eight or Nine Inches high, round shouldered, of a dark Complexion, has a black Beard and short black Hair, is bald on the Top of his Head, but wears some Hair tied on with a String, in order to conceal it; he talks very broad *Scotch*: Had on and took with him a blue Cloth Coat, striped Waistcoat, Osnabrig and white Shirts, Country made Shoes, Worsted Stockings and Felt Hat. It is probable he will change his Dress and forge a Pass. Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, that I may get him again, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, if taken in the Province of *Maryland*, and Twenty Dollars if out of the Province.

(tf.) JOHN DORSEY.

Annapolis, October 23, 1770.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons that have any just Claims against the Estate of Mr. *Nathaniel Adams*, deceased, to bring them in legally proved, and those that are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make Payment, that the Administratrix may be thereby qualified to settle with the Commissary.

GRACE ADAMS, Administratrix.

N. B. There is to be sold belonging to the said Estate, One Negro Man, a Blacksmith by Trade, and Three white Servants. Any Person inclining to become a Purchaser, are desired to apply to the Administratrix, or to the Printer. G. A.

November 22, 1770.

To be CHARTERED,

THE Brigantine, *Sarah*, Burden 180 Tons, now lying at *Baltimore* Town. For Terms apply to *Richard Button* in *Baltimore*, or *Thomas Williams* and Co. in *Annapolis*. (tf)

Maryland, September 10, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE undivided third Part of the *Northampton* Iron Furnace, together with the Stock in Partnership thereto belonging, Consisting of Lands, Servants, Teams, *&c. &c.* The said Furnace, Casting-House, Bridge and Wheel Houses are all built of Stone, in the neatest Manner, and on a never failing Stream of Water, Eleven Miles distance from *Baltimore-Town*, *Baltimore* County, in the Province of *Maryland*, and on the best Road leading to said Town. The Lands are well wooded, and abound in Iron Ore, which is very convenient to said Furnace, and is of the best and richest Qualities, and yields such plenty that I believe no Furnace on the Continent makes more Metal while in blast. On the said Land all round the Furnace, is also a plenty of Lime-Stone, which is made Use of for Flux, the Furnace is now heating, and will be in blast in a few Days; there is already provided and at the Furnace, a very fine Stock of Ore and Coals, and growing upon the Lands, as much *Indian* Corn as I suppose may supply the Furnace for Twelve Months. At the said Furnace is a good Coal-House, and all other convenient Houses in good Repair. The Purchaser shall be put into Possession immediately, and such Time given for Payment of the Purchase Money, that may make it very easy to the Purchaser, his giving Bond upon Interest, with Security if required. Any Person inclinable to purchase, will be pleased to apply to the Subscriber near *Baltimore-Town*, in said Province.

(tf) JOHN RIDGELY.

Cæcil County, *September* 24, 1770.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

BROKE out of *Cæcil* County Jail, on Saturday Night the 22d Inst. Two Servant Men, *viz. Henry Kennelly*, and *Cornelius Crowly*; *Kennelly* is about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, well made: Had on, a brown Coat, Check Shirt, and Linen Trousers. *Crowly* is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, well made: Had on, a blue Coat, Linen Shirt, and Buckskin Breeches. Whoever takes up the said Runaways, and brings them to the Subscriber in *Charles-Town*, shall have the above Reward, or Eight Dollars for each, and reasonable Charges, paid by

(tf) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

*** *Crowly* took with him, Two Pair of new Shoes.

Kent-Island, July 30, 1770.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Queen-Anne's* County, on the 19th of *June* last, a convict Servant Man, named GEORGE BOWLES, born in the West of *England*, about 20 Years of Age, 6 Feet high, and has dark brown Hair: Had on, and took with him, a new Country Linen Shirt, an old ditto, and Trousers of the same, an old black and white striped Country Kersey Jacket, with Sleeves of another Sort, a Felt Hat, an old small Drab coloured great Coat, no Shoes or Stockings, has some very large Scars on one of his Legs, and stoops in his Walking. Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings, if taken in the County, if out of the County, Forty Shillings, and if out of the Province, Three Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

(tf) WILLIAM HORN.

Annapolis, November 16, 1770.

WHEREAS it has been represented to his Excellency the Governor, that about Three or Four Months past, the Mill-Dam of *George Pasey*, lying in *Frederick* County, near *Little Winchester*, was pulled down and destroyed in such a Manner as entirely prevented the Conveyance of any Water to the Mill, by some malicious and ill disposed Persons, unknown, to the great Damage of him the said *George Pasey*: His Excellency, for the better discovering and bringing to publick Justice, the Person or Persons, who, against his Lordship's Peace, pulled down and destroyed the said Mill-Dam, doth promise his Lordship's Pardon, for such Offence, to any One of them, (the Principal and Principals only excepted) who shall discover the Person or Persons concerned in the said Fact, so that he, she, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

Signed by Order,

U. SCOTT, Cl. Con.

*** And as a further Encouragement, the Subscriber, living in *Baltimore* County, doth promise a Reward of FIFTY DOLLARS to any one who shall make a Discovery of any Person or Persons concerned in the above-mentioned Offence, so that he, she, or they, may be brought to Justice, and convicted thereof.

WILLIAM COX.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.